## Quiz 2. Testing Your ESL Grammar Knowledge

For each of these 20 multiple choice questions, choose the one answer that best answers or completes the item. Answering these 20 questions should not take more than ten minutes, which allows approximately 30 seconds per question. If you need more time than this, then you do not know this material well enough yet. (Answers are on p. 14. For detailed explanations, see the Keys or other text reference indicated in the margin next to each question in the quiz.)

1. Adding the letter $-s$ to a word in English can be confusing to an ESL learner because the letter $-s$ means
A. plural for nouns but singular for adjectives.
B. plural for count nouns and singular for non-count nouns.
C. plural for nouns but singular for verbs.
D. plural for nouns but singular for possessives.
E. plural for nouns and singular for irregular verbs.
2. In English, we use a few (instead of a little) with
A. non-count nouns.
B. count nouns.
C. negative nouns.
D. certain adjective phrases.
E. certain adverb phrases.
3. Which of these verbs is in thrast perfect tense?
A. had eaten
B. was eating
C. was eaten
D. had been eativs
E. would haye leaten
4. Whenafding a suffix such as -ing or -ed to a verb, we may double the last leinesf the original verb if
those last three letters are Consonant + Vowel + Consonant.
B. those last three letters are Vowel + Vowel + Consonant.
C. those last three letters are Vowel + Consonant + Vowel.
D. those last three letters are Consonant + Consonant + Vowel.
E. those last three letters are Consonant + Vowel + Vowel.

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B. drove
C. mailed
D. gets
E. will call
5. Choose the one sentence in which the capitalized word is not a pronoun.
A. They have their check, but the waiter took OURS.
B. YOU have seen that movie twice, haven't you?
C. Does Jane have HER paper with her today?
D. Excuse me. Is this phone card yours or MINE?
E. I don't know HIM very well, but I have known his brother for ages.
6. Which sentence has an intransitive verb?
A. In the storm, the small bird plunged from the tree.
B. In spite of the rain, we enjoyed the party a lot.
C. Every student in the class uses a number 2 pencil for the weekly tests.
D. Upon hearing all of the evidence, the jury reached a unanimous verdict.
E. Who murdered the robber?
7. Which of these animal names ends in the sound $/ \mathrm{s} /$ ?
A. monkeys
B. lions
C. tigers
D. hippos
E. giraffes
8. Which of these is the least useful grammar category for Englisi learners (and is therefore almost never covered in any ESL grammar bo@k for students)?
A. articles
B. clauses
C. adjectives
D. conjunctions
E. interjections
9. Stop becomes stopping; listen becenves listening. The $p$ in stopping is doubled but the $n$ in listening is not. Wy is the $n$ not doubled to listenning?
A. The last letter in listenisn
B. The last letter in listed is a consonant.
C. The word listenting is a gerund.
D. The word Cisten has two syllables.
E. The firsCyllable of listen is stressed.
10. In this Sentence from an autobiography, When I was a kid, I would play with mindginary friends, would is used because it refers to
permission to do an action.
B. a desire to do the action.
C. very polite language for the action.
D. past repeated actions.
E. conditional situations.
11. When an action word occurs after any preposition (except to), that word is usually
A. an infinitive.
B. a past participle.
C. a gerund.
D. a base form.
E. a present participle.
12. In which sentence is light used as a non-count noun?
A. She put on her light green sweater because it was cold.
B. We need more light in this office.
C. Please turn off the light when you are done.
D. The fire began to light up the entire room.
E. Will Janet light the furnace before she leaves?
13. For English learners, which of these pairs Kords exemplifies a whole group of adjectives that are immensely problematic in mastering English?
A. chosen vs. selected
B. economy vs. economical
C. fried vs. baked
D. annoyed vs. annoying
E. Polish vs. polish • 1

# 18. Which of thesegentences has a phrasal verb? 

A. On our ${ }^{2} \mathrm{ay}$ y to work today, the traffic held us up.
B. The catmay have been sleeping since noon.

CNMark will work harder, together we can finish this job.
Q loe typed the memo, put it in an envelope, and mailed it.
C. Joe typed the memo, Sue put it in an envelope, and I mailed it.
19. When we talk about a contrary-to-fact condition for right now, what does the verb in the if clause look like?
A. simple present tense
B. simple past tense
C. present progressive tense
D. would + VERB
E. would have + VERB
20. Which of these CAPITALIZED parts is an adjective clause?
A. No one is certain of WHAT THE OUTCOME OF THAT MEETING WILL BE.
B. WHAT THAT BANK FAILED TO DO was to inform the clients of the approaching deadline.
C. In spite of the scientific knowledge clearly available at that time, THAT RATS AND OTHER RODENTS COULD SPREAD DISEASKyas discounted.
D. Geologists had warned for decades OF THE POSSIBITITY OF A CATASTROPHIC EARTHQUAKE IN THAT REGIOA.
E. The mechanic did his best to save the parts of car THAT WERE SALVAGEABLE, but in the end, little could besaved.

Your Score: $\qquad$ $\underset{ }{*}$

