GLOSSARY OF RUSSIAN TERMS

In cases where it is difficult to find an exact equivalent in English, a number of Russian terms have been used in this book. Here is a short list of them.

Administrirovanie: a system of management based on coercive measures, used by the bureaucracy

Apparatchik (pl. apparatchiki): functionary of the Communist Party apparatus

Cheka (Chrezvychainaya Komissiya): Extraordinary Commission, the Soviet political police (1917–1922), operating against counterrevolutionary activities

Chinovnik (pl. chinovniki): bureaucrat, in a pejorative sense; chinovnichestvo: bureaucracy

Dzerzhimorda (pl. dzerzhimordy): literally, he who holds you by the muzzle; the nickname for the Tsarist police

Edinonachalie: Russian term for monocratic rule by directors or other senior administrators

Gensek (Generalnyi Sekretar): General Secretary of the Party's Central Committee (CC), leader of its secretariat

Gosplan: State Planning Commission

Kavburo: Caucasian Bureau of the Party

Kombedy (Komitety Bednoty): Committees of Poor Peasants, village organizations during the civil war

Kulturnichestvo: the promotion of culture in the widest sense

Nepman (pl. nepmany): beneficiary of the NEP (New Economic Policy), a member of the new bourgeoisie

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Nezavisimets (pl. nezavisimtsy): a supporter of nezavisimost, national independence

- Orgburo: Organization Bureau; its membership was elected by the Central Committee; its function was to deal with problems referred to it by the Politburo and to coordinate organizational problems under the Politburo's guidance
- Politburo: Political Bureau, the highest political organ in the Party and the state; members were elected by the CC; at the period of Lenin's illness there were seven members and four deputies
- RKI (Raboche-Krestyanskaya Inspektsiya): Workers' and Peasants' Inspection, the commissariat charged with the control of the state administration; it worked in tandem with the CCC RSFSR: the Russian Socialist Federal Soviet Republic
- Secretariat: composed of secretaries of the CC, who were elected by the TSKK and its apparatus; created for executing current organizational work of the Party and for guiding the apparatus Sovkhoz (pl. sovkhozy): state farm
- Sovnarkom (Soviet Narodnykh Komissarov): Council of People's Commissars, sometimes abbr. SNK
- STO (Soviet Truda i Oborony): Council of Labor and Defense, a committee of the SNK, charged with implementation and coordination of policy in the fields of economics and defense
- Tsekist (pl. tsekisty): member of the Central Committee (Tseka)
 TSKK (Tsentralnya Kontrolnaya Komissiya): the Party's Central Control Commission (abbr. CCC in this book)
- Uchraspred (Uchetno-Raspredelitel'nyi Otdel): Records and Assignments Department
- Velikoderzhavnik (pl. velikoderzhavniki): supporter of a Great Power policy, imperialist, chauvinist

 VSNKH (Vysshi Soviet Narodnogo Khozyaistva): Supreme
- Council of National Economy
- VTSIK (Vserossiskii Tsentral'nyi Ispolnitel'nyi Komitet): All-Russian Central Executive Committee
- Zakkraykom (Zakavkazsky Kraevoy Komitet): Party Committee in the Transcaucasian Federation, grouping the Republics of Georgia, Azerbaijan, and Armenia